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and distributed to PHAs and housing owners identifying the benefits that qualify for this exclusion. Updates will be published and distributed when necessary.

- (d) Annualization of income. If it is not feasible to anticipate a level of income over a 12-month period (e.g., seasonal or cyclic income), or the PHA believes that past income is the best available indicator of expected future income, the PHA may annualize the income anticipated for a shorter period, subject to a redetermination at the end of the shorter period.
- (e) If it is not feasible to anticipate a level of income over a 12-month period, the income anticipated for a shorter period may be annualized, subject to a redetermination at the end of the shorter period.

 $[61\ FR\ 54498,\ Oct,\ 18,\ 1996,\ as\ amended\ at\ 65\ FR\ 16716,\ Mar.\ 29,\ 2000]$

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 16716, Mar. 29, 2000, §5.609 was amended by removing and reserving paragraph (c)(13), by revising paragraphs (c)(8)(iv) and (d), and by removing paragraph (e), effective Apr. 28, 2000. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§ 5.609 Annual income.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(8) * * *

(iv) Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the PHA or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, and resident initiatives coordination. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time;

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- (d) For public housing only. In addition to the exclusions from annual income covered in paragraph (c) of this section, a PHA may adopt additional exclusions for earned income pursuant to an established written policy.
- (1) In establishing such a policy, a PHA must adopt one or more of the following types of earned income exclusions, including variations thereof:

- $\hspace{0.1cm}$ (i) Exclude all or part of the family's earned income;
- (ii) Apply the exclusion only to new sources of earned income or only to increases in earned income;
- (iii) Apply the exclusion to the earned income of the head, the spouse, or any other family member age 18 or older;
- (iv) Apply the exclusion only to the earned income of persons other than the primary earner:
- (v) Apply the exclusion to applicants, newly admitted families, existing tenants, or persons joining the family;

(vi) Make the exclusion temporary or permanent, for the PHA, the family, or the affected family member;

- (vii) Make the exclusion graduated, so that more earned income is excluded at first and less earned income is excluded after a period of time.
- (viii) Exclude any or all of the costs that are incurred in order to go to work but are not compensated, such as the cost of special tools, equipment, or clothing;
- (ix) Exclude any or all of the costs that result from earning income, such as social security taxes or other items that are withheld in payroll deductions;
- (x) Exclude any portion of the earned income that is not available to meet the family's own needs, such as amounts that are paid to someone outside the family for alimony or child support; and
- (xi) Exclude any portion of the earned income that is necessary to replace benefits lost because a family member becomes employed, such as amounts that the family pays for medical costs or to obtain medical insurance.
- (2) Any amounts that are excluded from annual income under this paragraph (d) may not also be deducted in determining adjusted income, as defined in §5.611.
- (3) Housing agencies do not need HUD approval to adopt optional earned income exclusions.
- (4) In the calculation of Performance Funding System operating subsidy eligibility, housing agencies will have to absorb any loss in rental income that results from the adoption of any of the optional earned income exclusions discussed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, including any variations of the listed options.

§ 5.611 Adjusted income.

Adjusted income means annual income (as determined by the responsible entity) of the members of the family residing or intending to reside in the dwelling unit, after making the following deductions:

- (a) Mandatory deductions. In determining adjusted income, the responsible entity must deduct the following amounts from annual income:
 - (1) \$480 for each dependent;
- (2) \$400 for any elderly family or disabled family;
- (3) The sum of the following, to the extent the sum exceeds three percent of annual income:
- (i) Unreimbursed medical expenses of any elderly family or disabled family; and
- (ii) Unreimbursed reasonable attendant care and auxiliary apparatus expenses for each member of the family who is a person with disabilities, to the extent necessary to enable any member of the family (including the member who is a person with disabilities) to be employed, but this allowance may not exceed the earned income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older who are able to work because of such attendant care or auxiliary apparatus; and
- (4) Any reasonable child care expenses necessary to enable a member of the family to be employed or to further his or her education.
- (b) Permissive deductions—for public housing only. For public housing only, a PHA may adopt additional deductions from annual income. The PHA must establish a written policy for such deductions.

[65 FR 16717, Mar. 29, 2000]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 16717, Mar. 29, 2000, §5.611 was revised, effective Apr. 28, 2000. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§ 5.611 Adjusted income.

Adjusted income means annual income less the following deductions:

- (a) \$480 for each dependent;
- (b) \$400 for any elderly family or disabled family;
- (c) For any family that is not an elderly family or disabled family but has a member (other than the head of household or spouse) who is a person with a disability, disability assistance expenses in excess of three percent of annual income, but this allowance may not exceed the employment income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older as a result of the assistance to the person with disabilities:
- (d) For any elderly family or disabled family:

- (1) That has no disability assistance expenses, an allowance for medical expenses equal to the amount by which the medical expenses exceed three percent of annual income:
- (2) That has disability assistance expenses greater than or equal to three percent of annual income, an allowance for disability assistance expenses computed in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, plus an allowance for medical expenses that is equal to the family's medical expenses;
- (3) That has disability assistance expenses that are less than three percent of annual income, an allowance for combined disability assistance expenses and medical expenses that is equal to the amount by which the sum of these expenses exceeds three percent of annual income; and
 - (e) Child care expenses.

§5.613 Public housing program and Section 8 tenant-based assistance program: PHA cooperation with welfare agency.

- (a) This section applies to the public housing program and the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program.
- (b) The PHA must make best efforts to enter into cooperation agreements with welfare agencies under which such agencies agree:
- (1) To target public assistance, benefits and services to families receiving assistance in the public housing program and the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program to achieve self-sufficiency.
- (2) To provide written verification to the PHA concerning welfare benefits for families applying for or receiving assistance in these housing assistance programs.

[65 FR 16717, Mar. 29, 2000]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 16717, Mar. 29, 2000, §5.613 was revised, effective Apr. 28, 2000. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§ 5.613 Total tenant payment.

(a) Total tenant payment for families whose initial lease is effective on or after August 1, 1982. (1) Total tenant payment is the amount calculated under section 3(a)(1) of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437a(a)(1)). If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under paragraph (C) of section 3(a)(1) of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437a(a)(1)(C)) shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.